### **COMMON OFFICE SAFETY HAZARDS**

To address any electrical, structural, and/or design safety issue within your immediate office space or outside of the space including hallways, common areas, stairwells, etc., please notify the AOC, landlord, or building maintenance staff.

Compliance with the standards referenced in this publication does not necessarily ensure compliance with all standards established under the Occupational Safety and Health Act.



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#### **ELECTRICAL:**

- Power cords, plugs, and electrical outlets must not be damaged or frayed.
- Three-prong plugs must have their ground prong in place.
- All electrical wires must be covered leaving no bare wires exposed.
- Outlets near wet surface areas such as bathrooms or kitchens must have functioning Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters (GFCI). *See picture below.*
- Test GFCI outlets periodically using the test button. Reset the unit by pushing the reset button. See video tutorial.



Example of GFCI

- Modular furniture with electrical outlets must have covers over all wires.
- Extension cords cannot be used to make permanent wiring connections.
- All power strips should be plugged directly into outlets and not "daisy-chained" (plugged in a series).
- Plug appliances directly into grounded outlets, appropriately-

sized for power supply.

- There should be a 36" clearance in front of all electrical panels.
- Electrical panel doors must be closed. If open, DO NOT APPROACH. Immediately notify appropriate party (AOC/ landlord/ maintenance staff).

# CHEMICAL SAFETY:

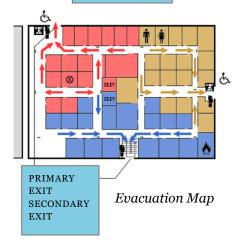
- Safety Data Sheets (SDS) must be available for all hazardous chemicals located in the workplace.
- Chemical containers must be properly labeled and kept closed when not in use.
- Follow label or SDS instructions for all chemicals used in the workplace.

# EMERGENCY RESPONSE:

- Emergency Action Plans must be in place and all employees must be trained on the plan. This includes an up-to-date emergency telephone list, including first responders.
- Emergency duties should be assigned to employees according to the office's Emergency Action Plan.
- Employees must know where to go when required to evacuate the building or "shelter in place."

- Exit routes must be adequate, i.e., 18" for a single person and 28" or more for multiple persons.
- Each office must have enough exit routes to enable employees to evacuate safely.

#### ASSEMBLY AREA



- Exit doors designated as emergency exits cannot be obstructed. Aisles, stairways, and hallways must be kept clear of obstructions that could block egress and exit from the building.
- All areas must have functional emergency lighting.
- Exit signs must be working and visible in all conditions and locations.



• Office annunciators must be working properly, kept charged, and reset after each emergency. Immediately report any malfunctioning alarms and/or office annunciators to the appropriate entity.



• First Aid supplies should be available in the absence of a close-by infirmary, clinic, or hospital. If you elect to have a kit, contents must be up to date.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL:**

- Keep workplaces free from clutter and debris that could cause fire, rodent, or vector problems (i.e., certain insects that transmit disease).
- Floors should be clean, dry, and free from tripping hazards.



#### FIRE:

- Plug space heaters directly into outlets and ensure that they are equipped with tip-over switches.
- Make sure that items are stored no closer than 18" under sprinkler heads.
- Ensure that fire extinguishers within your office space are fully

- charged, have monthly and annual tags affixed, and are not damaged. Contact the appropriate entity to correct issues
- Fire extinguishers, pull stations, exit signs, and strobe lights must be visible and accessible.
- Store combustible materials away from ignition sources, exit stairwells, and electrical closets.
- All ceiling tiles should be intact.
- Cords and wires should be protected from damage and pinch points and not run through ceilings, doorways, walls, or other openings, or under rugs or chair mats.
- Fire doors must not be blocked, locked, or obstructed, and must be free from flammable materials such as posters and fliers.
- Use flame retardant draperies.
- Fire doors must be working properly and close securely.
- All fire wall penetrations must be sealed.
- All stairways, corridors, and exits should be clear of obstructions.
- Fire sprinklers should be in good condition and free from corrosion.

#### **MACHINE GUARDING:**

- Portable fans should have fanblade guard openings of .5 inch diameter or less.
- Paper cutters must have a finger guard in front of the blade arm, and blade arm tension must be adjusted to prevent free fall.

#### **SLIPS, TRIPS, FALLS:**

- Rungs and feet of portable ladders and steps of stools should be supplied with non-slip material.
- Cords, wires, and cables should not run across aisles, walkways, or exit route pathways.
- Carpets and rugs must be secured and in good condition.

- Practice good housekeeping by cleaning up spills.
- Stairways should have non-slip treads and proper lighting.
- Keep walking surfaces dry during inclement weather.

#### **MATERIAL STORAGE:**

- Secure materials stored on overhead racks and ensure that racks are attached to walls.
- Heaviest items should be loaded in the bottom of file drawers to prevent the cabinet from tipping.
- Drawers of file cabinets should not be left standing open.
- Secure heavy items on top of shelves.
- Have step stools or ladders available to reach high places.

### NEED HELP WITH AN ISSUE?

Contact: House Service Center at 202-225-4141 or Senate Service Center at 202-224-3141



For more information on workplace safety and protections under the Congressional Accountability Act, visit www.compliance.gov, or contact us at 202-724-9250.